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Cladophora in eastern Lake Erie: a synthesis of findings from the Great Lakes Nutrient Initiative

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Feb 22nd 2017 8th Binational Lake Erie Millenium Network Meeting, Windsor ON.

Great Lakes Nutrient Initiative (GLNI)

- Support research in Lake Erie and surrounding tributaries (2012-2015)
- Improve estimation of P loads to Lake Erie from Canadian tributaries
- Research to support development of P load reduction targets under the GLWQA 2012
 - Cyanobacterial blooms
 - Central basin hypoxia
 - Eastern basin *Cladophora*



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Eastern basin

Rathfon Pt, July 2013

Rock Pt, July 2006

Grant Pt, July 2014

Grant Pt, June 2014



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Fundamental challenge for targets

- 1) Basin level P supply as dictated by external P loadings and general trophic status
- 2) Local inputs of P (particularly SRP) to the nearshore
- 3) Efflux of P from the lake bed, mediated by dreissenid mussels as affected by 1) and 2)



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On local vs lake – wide drivers



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Valipour et al. 2016 Canada

Upwelling fluxes



Offshore SRP flux 70 – 140 MT (May – July) Grand River SRP load 50 – 90 MT (most in April)



- Hypolimnetic SRP
 reservoir
- Cause of inter-annual variation unknown

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Local vs lakewide – some nuances

2013 Base Scenario



- Scenario 1: No River Input
 Net Production ↑ 35 %
- Scenario 2: reduce offshore concentration to Net Production ↓ 13 % "0"
 Valipour et al. 2016

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Domain (0 - 6m integrated)



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Some confirmation...





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Some confirmation...



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2,716 data records (1967 - 2015)

Depew et al. (in prep)

Upper quantiles (max biomass) respond negatively to \uparrow precip



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Sources and cycling of P - nearshore

- ¹⁸O:¹⁶O isotopes to identify and track cycling of PO₄ (δ¹⁸O_P)
 Based on disequilibrium of δ¹⁸O_P and δ¹⁸O_W
 - **Biotic system** Abiotic system Δ This study **Chemical fertilizers** Gruau et al 2005 (000)n Fertilizer processing McI aughlin et al 2006a \bigcirc Avliffe et al 1992 Guano Colman 2002 Animal waste ന്ത Aerosols Δ Δ DOP recycling Detergents A/X3A Mixing w Mixing w 2nd Toothpaste 2nd source \square source Vegetation leachate Δ Soil leachate Δ $\delta^{18}O_w$ Eq lower higher WWTP water രത 5 10 20 25 15 Internal δ¹⁸0, Young et al. 2009 PPase cyclingPage 10 – March 2, 2017 Environment and Environnement et Climate Change Canada Changement climatique Canada

Sources and cycling of P - nearshore



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Sources and cycling of P - nearshore



- DOP recycling dominant
- % DOP ↑ as DOC pool becomes more autochthonous

Depew et al. in review

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Some emerging thoughts...











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Are loads adequately reflected for modeling purposes?



Are loads adequately reflected for modeling purposes?

 δ¹⁸O_P largely invariant during spring runoff period – unexpected from multiple sources

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• $\delta^{18}O_P$ consistent with equilibrated soil P and decomposed OM

Depew et al. in review

Are loads adequately reflected for modeling purposes?

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Are loads adequately reflected for modeling purposes? Mouth of Grand River

 δ¹⁸O_P ↑ disequilibration during summer – only expected if DOP recycling is important

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So what is actually entering the nearshore?

- 50 80 % of Org P exported during summer is phytoplankton
- δ¹³C of dreissenids and POC suggests partial reliance on plankton exported from river.

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Summary

- Management of *Cladophora* blooms will require attention to lake – wide and local inputs, not just of SRP but also P in phytoplankton
- Models will require validation of key processes in order to fully separate impacts of competing (and variable) mechanisms of P supply
- Better understanding of the impact of watershed management on forms of P exported from rivers and the light climate in receiving waters is needed

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Guidance on ecosystem objective is critical

Lake Huron 2013 45 m depth

Photo: H. Biberhofer, ECCC

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Lake Erie 2013 5 m depth Canada

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Thanks !

What should the objective be?

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