

Spatial
Distributions
and temporal
trends of
contaminants
in the St Clair R
and
Implications for
Lake Erie

Water Quality Monitoring
and Surveillance
Debbie Burniston

WQMS programs –St. Clair R

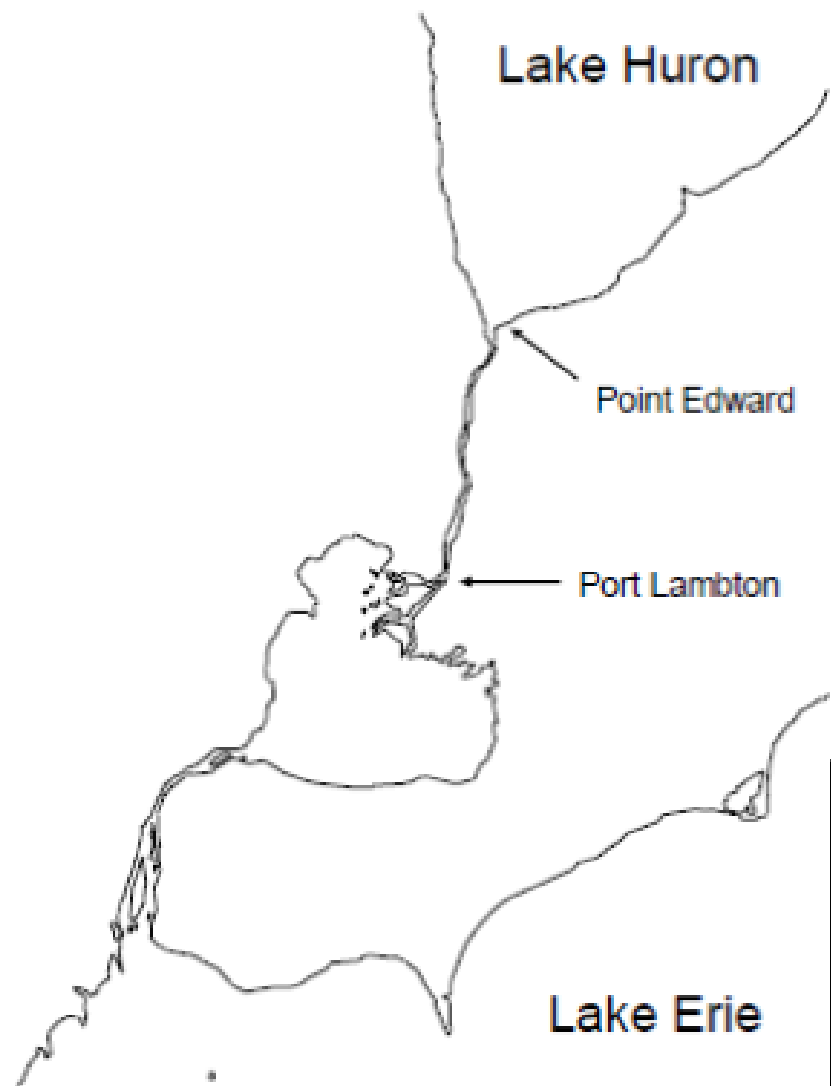
- Great Lakes sediment monitoring program (GLSMP) 1996 (recently CMP) formerly GLSAP
- St. Clair upstream/downstream (u/d) program 1987; GLAP
- Areas of Concern monitoring program; GLAP ; St. Clair R. Survey 2008

St. Clair R. U/D Program

- Purpose: to assess the differences in water quality between the head and mouth of the river and relate these to chemical inputs from the Canadian shoreline
- Measure the effectiveness of source remediation activities

St. Clair R. U/D Program

- Two permanent sampling locations established in 1987 at the head (Point Edward) and mouth (Port Lambton) of the river
- Water centrifuged for dissolved and suspended solids
- OCs, PAHs, metals, mercury, nutrients, MI

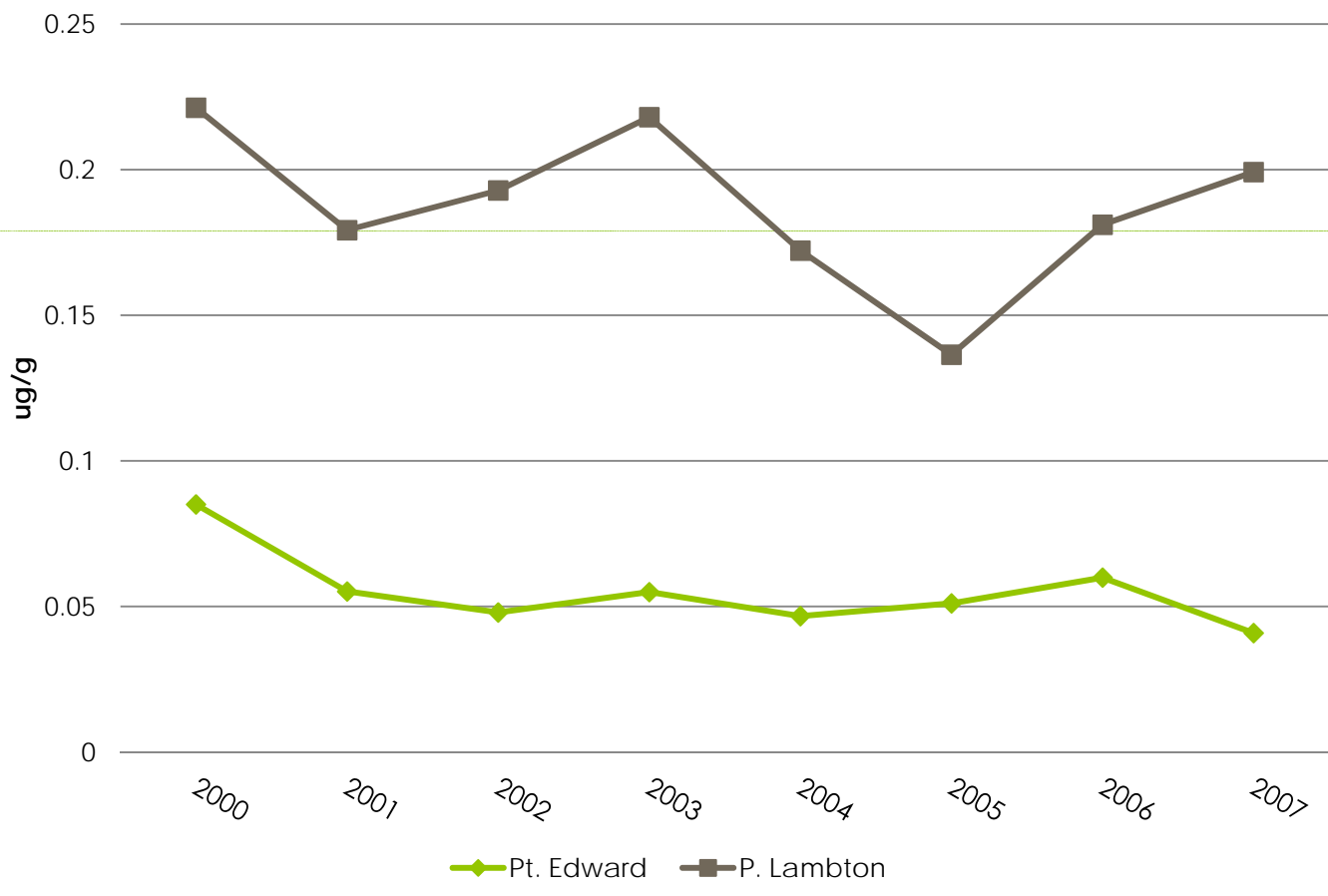


Trends for 2000-2007

	Point Edward			Port Lambton		
	Phase	Trend	Significance	Phase	Trend	Significance
Hexachlorobutadiene	Diss	D	NS	Diss	D	NS
	ssol	D	S	ssol	D	NS
Octachlorostyrene	Diss	D	S	Diss	D	S
	ssol	U	NS	ssol	U	NS
Hexachlorobenzene	Diss	D	NS	Diss	U	S
	ssol	D	S	ssol	U	NS
Mercury	Whole	D	S	Whole	U	NS
Acenaphthylene	Diss	D	NS	Diss	U	S
	ssol	U	NS	ssol	U	NS
DDT	Diss	D	S	Diss	U	NS
	ssol	U	NS	ssol	D	S
PeCB	Diss	D	S	Diss	U	S
	ssol	D	S	ssol	U	NS

Diss	Dissolved
ssol	Suspended solids
D	downward
U	Upward
S	Significant
NS	Not significant

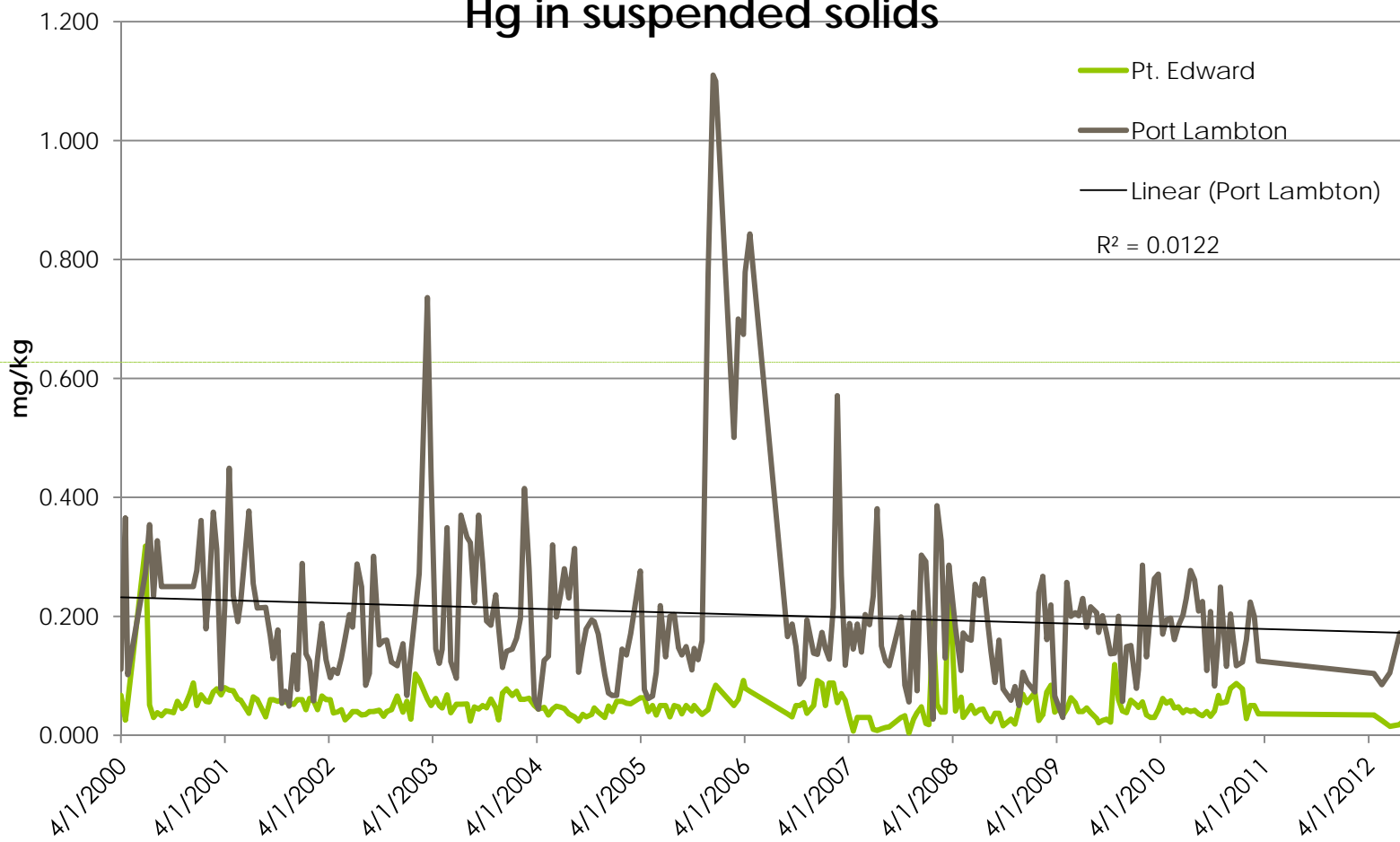
Mercury (SSOL)

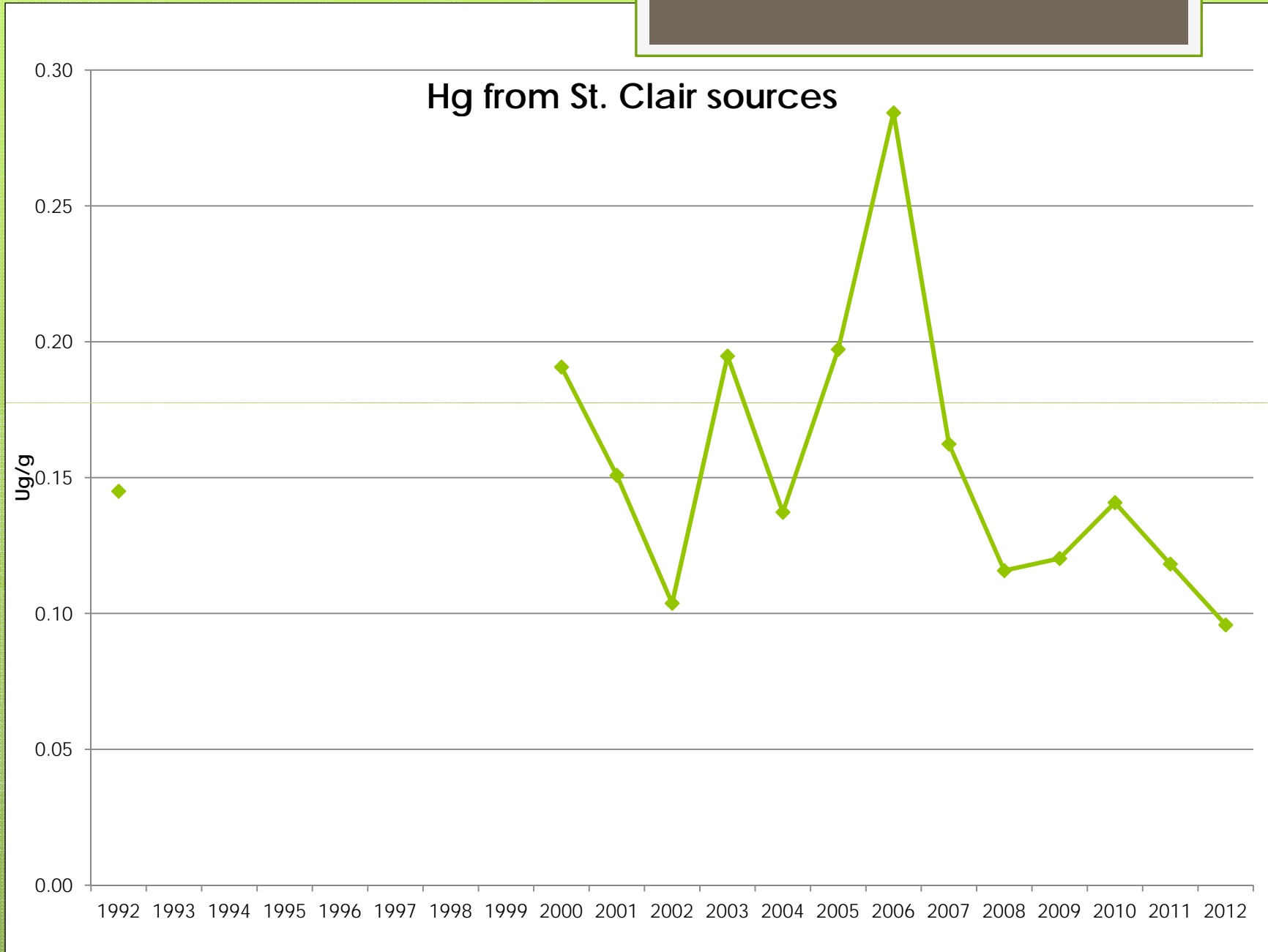


Contribution Hg from St. Clair sources

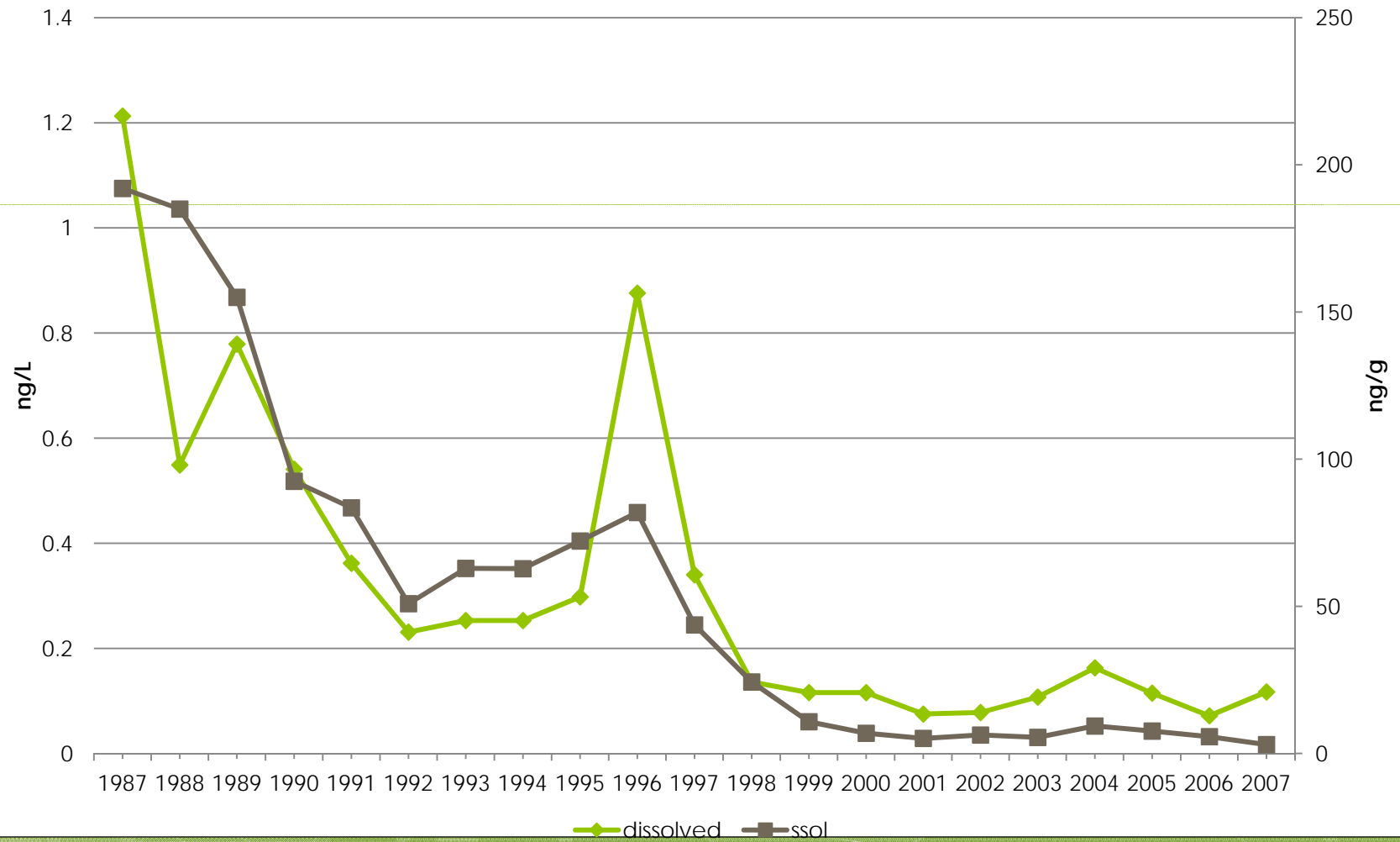


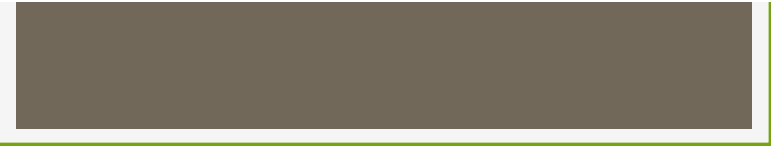
Hg in suspended solids



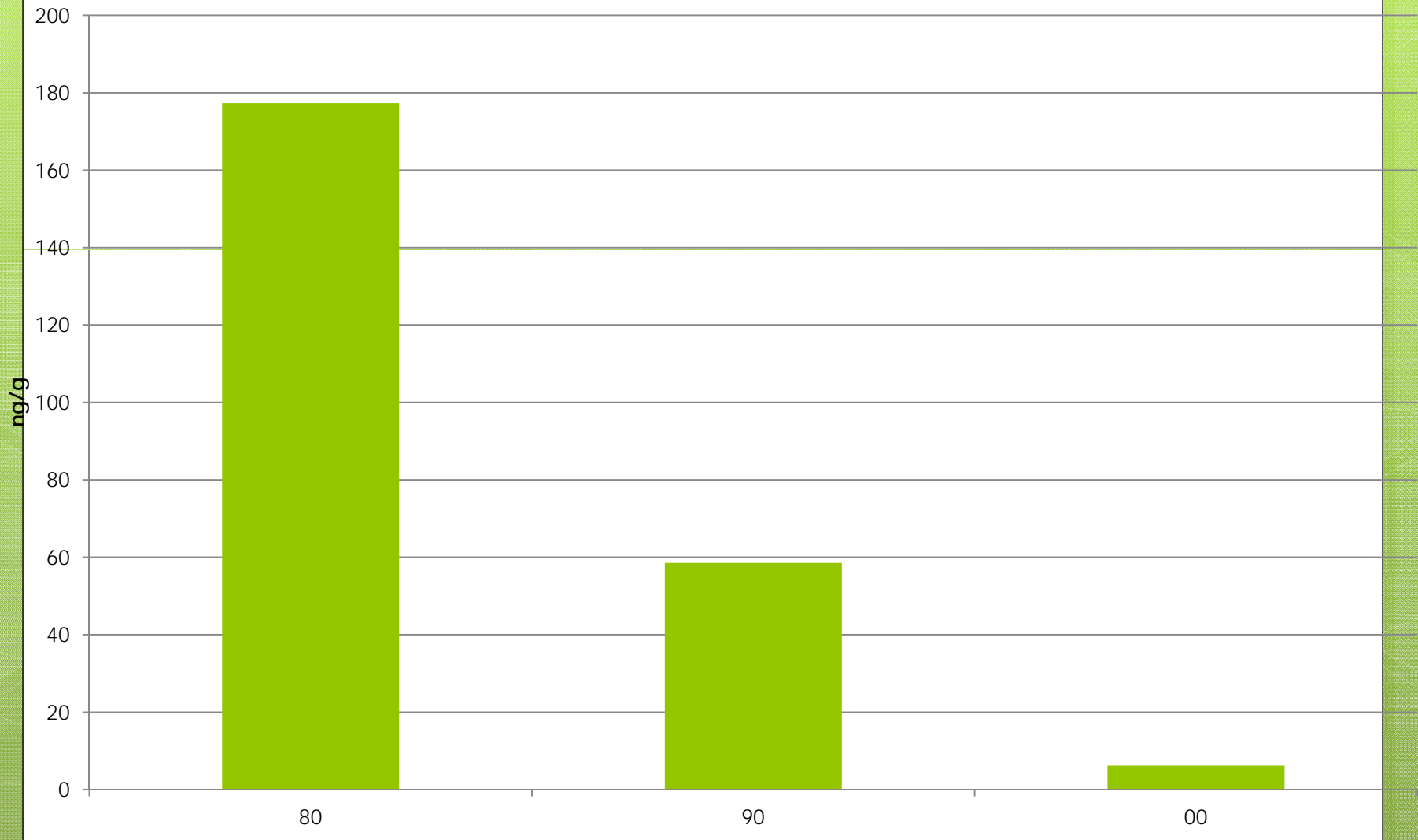


HCBD at Pt. Lambton





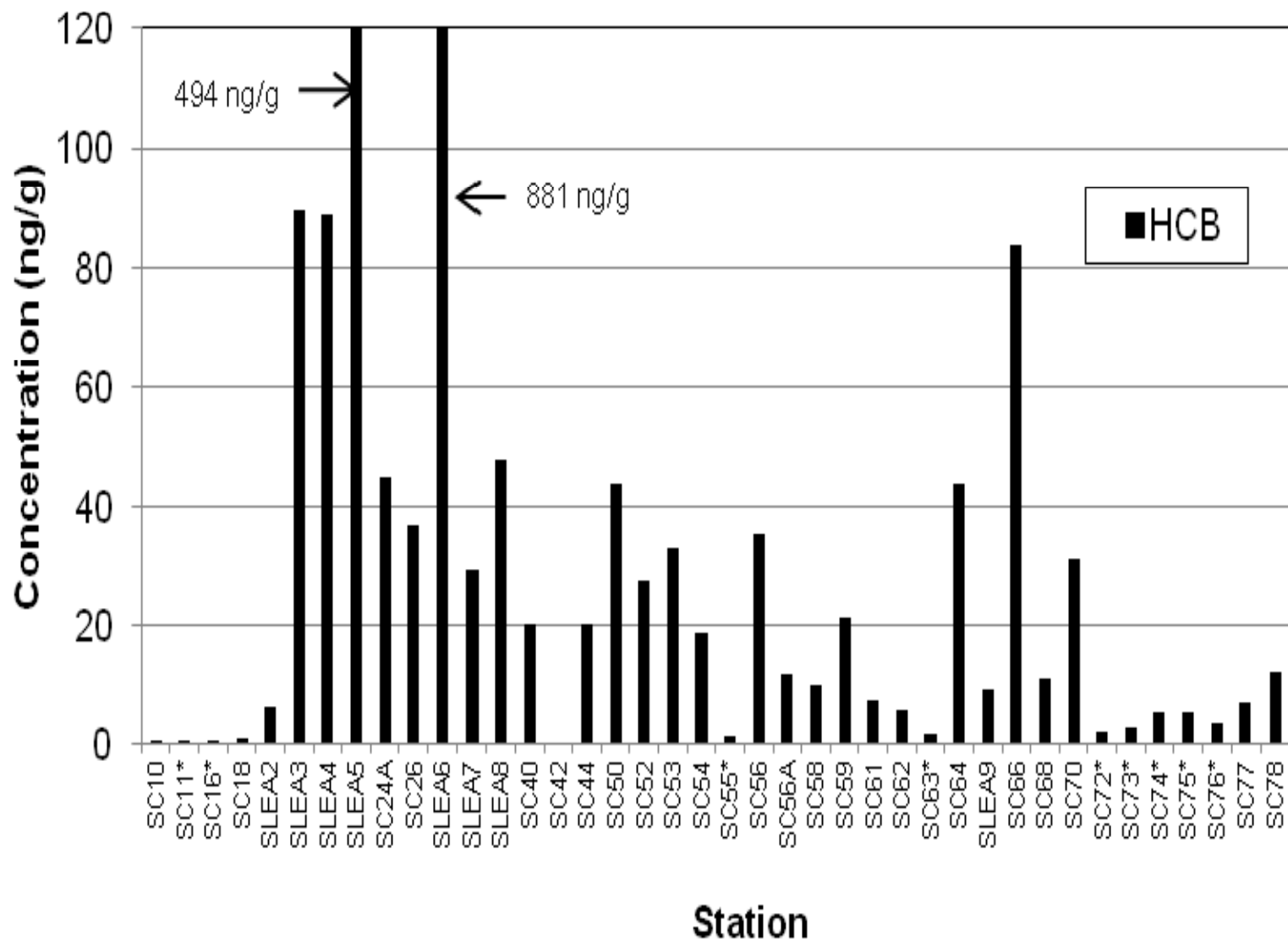
HCBD on ssol at PL





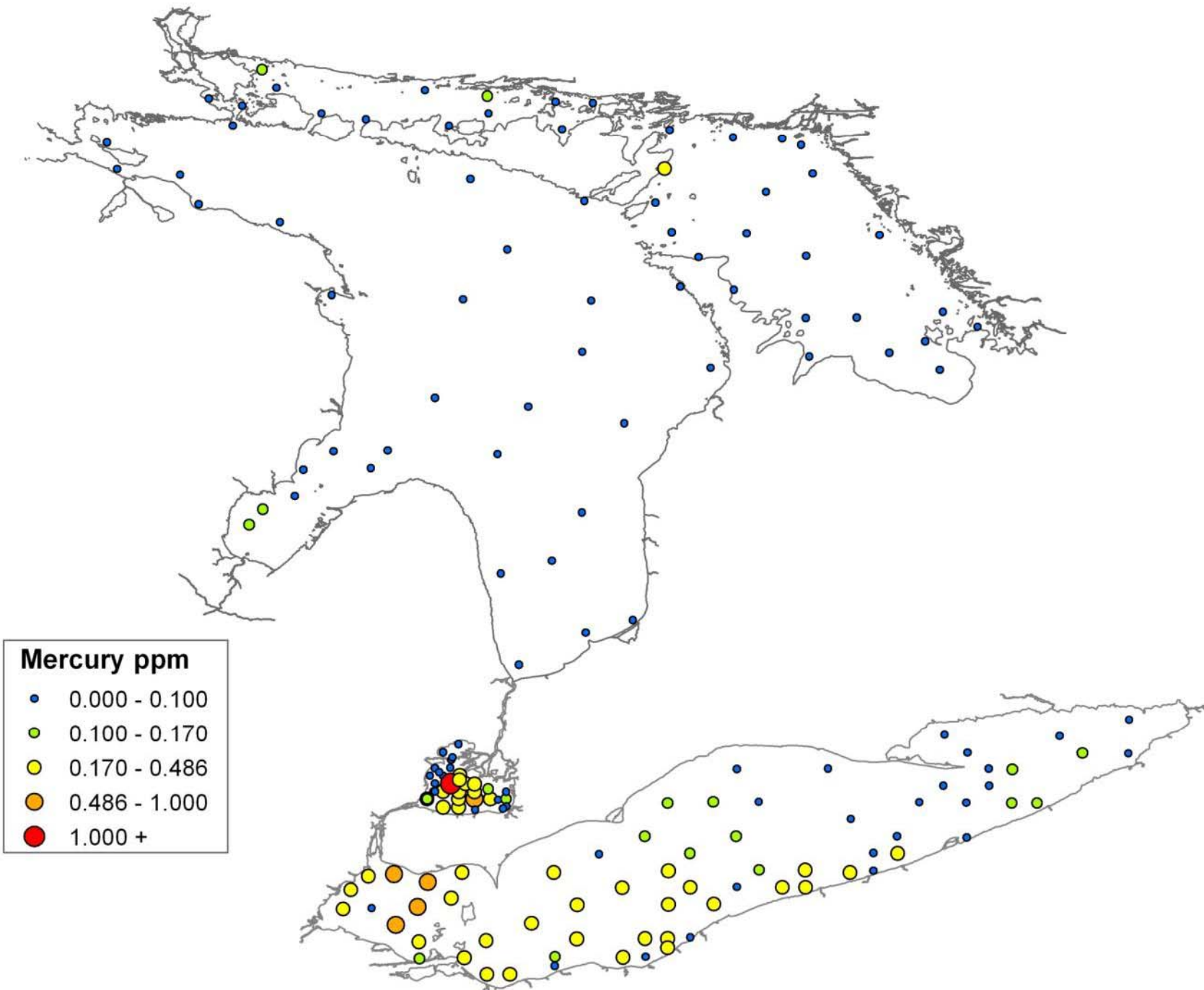
		total mercury	methyl mercury	methyl mercury	
	µg/g	µg/g	ng/g	%	
Mean		0.614	5.41	2.3	
RSD		45	105	78	
Min		0.017	0.78	0.2	
Max		9.16	38.4	6.6	
Median		0.329	4.21	1.4	
		%			
TEL	0.17	69(31) ¹			
PEL	0.486	31(14)			
LEL	0.2	67(30)			
SEL	2	2(1)			

% of stations exceeding the guidelines (number of stations shown in brackets)



Great Lakes sediment management program (GLSMP)

- Comprehensive surveys 1996-2003
(GLSAP, Chris Marvin)
- Synoptic work in current years funded
through Chemicals Management
Program (CMP)
- Comprehensive survey Lake Erie 2014



Mercury ppm

- 0.000 - 0.100
- 0.100 - 0.170
- 0.170 - 0.486
- 0.486 - 1.000
- 1.000 +

conclusions

- The St. Clair R. U/D program is an important program to show the results of remediation and management initiatives over the entire river temporally
- AOC monitoring identifies localized issues within an AOC
- GLSMP identifies the overall contaminant levels in the Great Lakes as well ,and overtime the improvements from to upstream initiatives

conclusions

- Most chemicals have shown substantial decrease in the St. Clair over time
- There are still some localized areas in the upper reaches of the river that have exceedances
- We can expect to see improvements in the bottom sediments of Lake Erie in upcoming surveys